

Auduniviram, S[^]ulvam, and Mlechcha-mukham
 are the
 different names of Tamar (copper), and the
 terms Arisaram
 (lit: essence of rock; Ayas, and Tikshnam are
 used to
 denote iron (and steel¹. KSikshi, Panka-parpati,
 and Mritti-
 kaksharam are the names of Saurashtra
 Mrittika. MAkshi-
 kam, Kshaudram and Pushparasam are the
 synonyms
 of Madhu (honey). Fermented barley-boilings are
 called
 Sauvirakarai and Kanjikam. Sitf, Sitopala,
 Matsandi are
 synonyms of Shakar (sugar). A compound of
 Cinnamon,
 Cardamom, and leaves of Laurus Cassia, taken
 in equal
 parts, is technically known, as Trijatakam or
 Trisugandhi.
 This compound, with one part of Naga-
 Kesharam added to
 it, constitutes what is technically known as
 Chaturjatam. A
 compound consisting of equal parts of Piphali,
 Pippali-
 mulam, Chavya, Cmtrakamulam and Nagar, and
 combinedly
 weighing a Kolakam (Onetolla) is called
 Panchakolam.
 Bhutrilanga, Mahashili, and Nivara are the
 different species,
 Shalika. Priyangu is another name of Kanguka
 (Panicum
 stalicum) and Kordusha is called Kodra (Paspalum
 S[^]robz-
 culatum). Kalapa, Langaka and Puta are the
 names of
 Triputa (Lathyrus Sativus). Satina, Vartula and
 Vena are the
 names of Satina (Pisum Sativum). A Suvarmam or
 Kavala-
 grahatni is equal to one Karsha in weight. A
 Shuktim is
 equal to a half Palam or eight M[^]shakas in
 weight. A
 Vilvam, or Mushti is equal to a Palam weight.
 Two Palas

^nake on* Prasriti. Four Palas make one Anjali or Kudavam,
Eight Palas make one Palam. Four Kudavas make one prastha; four Prasthas make one Adakam or Kansapatrah
^Tour Adakas make one Drona. A hundred Palas make one Tula weight. Twenty Palas make one BhAra. The
rudite ones have laid down these measures in respect of
Iry weight, while in respect of fluid weight these measures
should be taken as double.

Valam is another name of
Turashkakam, Daru is
another name of Devaddru (Pinus Deodara).
Granthi is